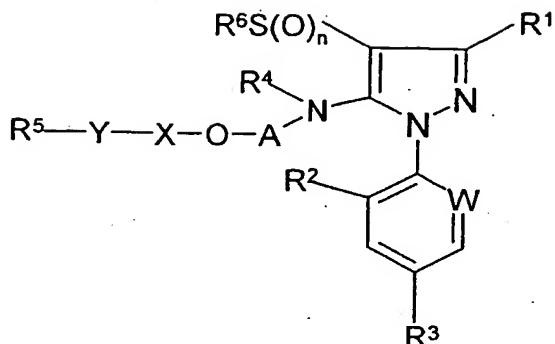


## CLAIMS

## 1. A compound of formula (I):



5

(I)

wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is CN, CSNH<sub>2</sub> or C(=N-Z)-S(O)<sub>r</sub>-Q;Z is H, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>R<sup>7</sup>,10 COR<sup>8</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl or S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup>;Q is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl or CH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>7</sup>;W is C-halogen, C-CH<sub>3</sub> or N;R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, halogen or CH<sub>3</sub>;R<sup>3</sup> is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkoxy or SF<sub>5</sub>;15 R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkenyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkynyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)-cycloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)-cycloalkyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyl, CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyl, CO<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>7</sup> or SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>; or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkoxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkenyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyoxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkynyoxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)-cycloalkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, COR<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, OR<sup>7</sup> and CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>9</sup>;20 A is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkylene or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkylene;X is C(=O), C(=S) or SO<sub>2</sub>;Y is O, NR<sup>11</sup> or a covalent bond;25 R<sup>5</sup> is (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkynyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)-cycloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)-cycloalkyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>R<sup>7</sup> or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>R<sup>12</sup>; or is (C<sub>1</sub>-

$C_6$ )-alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkoxy,  $(C_3-C_6)$ -alkenyloxy,  $(C_3-C_6)$ -haloalkenyloxy,  $(C_3-C_6)$ -alkynyoxy,  $(C_3-C_6)$ -haloalkynyoxy,  $(C_3-C_7)$ -cycloalkyl,  $S(O)_pR^8$ , CN,  $NO_2$ , OH,  $COR^9$ ,  $NR^9R^{10}$ ,  $S(O)_pR^7$ ,  $OR^7$  and  $CO_2R^9$ ;

5  $R^6$  is  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -alkenyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -haloalkenyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -alkynyl or  $(C_2-C_6)$ -haloalkynyl;

$R^7$  is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkoxy, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $S(O)_pR^8$ ,  $COR^{10}$ ,  $COR^{13}$ ,  $CONR^9R^{10}$ ,  $SO_2NR^9R^{10}$ ,  $NR^9R^{10}$

10 and OH;

$R^8$  is  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl or  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkyl;

$R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are each independently H,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_6)$ -alkenyl,  $(C_3-C_6)$ -haloalkenyl,  $(C_3-C_6)$ -alkynyl,  $(C_3-C_6)$ -cycloalkyl or  $-(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl- $(C_3-C_6)$ -cycloalkyl; or

15  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  together with the attached N atom form a five- or six-membered saturated ring which optionally contains an additional hetero atom in the ring which is selected from O, S and N, the ring being unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl and  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkyl;

20  $R^{11}$  is H,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_6)$ -alkenyl or  $(C_3-C_6)$ -alkynyl;

$R^{12}$  is heterocyclyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_4)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_4)$ -haloalkoxy,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CO_2(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $S(O)_pR^8$ , OH and oxo;

$R^{13}$  is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the

25 group consisting of halogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkoxy, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $S(O)_pR^8$  and  $NR^9R^{10}$ ;

$n$ ,  $p$  and  $r$  are each independently zero, one or two;

$m$  and  $q$  are each independently zero or one; and

each heterocyclyl in the above-mentioned radicals is independently a heterocyclic

30 radical having 3 to 7 ring atoms and 1, 2 or 3 hetero atoms in the ring selected from the group consisting of N, O and S;

or a pesticidally acceptable salt thereof.

2. A compound or a salt thereof as claimed in claim 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is CN or CSNH<sub>2</sub>.

5 3. A compound or a salt thereof as claimed in claim 1 or 2 wherein R<sup>6</sup> is CF<sub>3</sub>.

4. A compound or a salt thereof as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is CN, CSNH<sub>2</sub> or C(=N-Z)-S-Q;

Z is H, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, COR<sup>8</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl or S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup>;

10 Q is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl;

W is C-Cl;

R<sup>2</sup> is Cl;

R<sup>3</sup> is CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkynyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)-cycloalkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-

15 C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkenyl, CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkynyl, CO<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>7</sup> or SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>; or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup> and CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl);

A is -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- or -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-;

X is C(=O) or SO<sub>2</sub>;

20 Y is O, NH or a covalent bond;

R<sup>5</sup> is (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkynyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is CF<sub>3</sub>;

each R<sup>7</sup> is independently phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more

radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-

25 haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub> and S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup>; and

each R<sup>8</sup> is independently (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkyl.

5. A compound or a salt thereof as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is CN or CSNH<sub>2</sub>;

30 W is C-Cl;

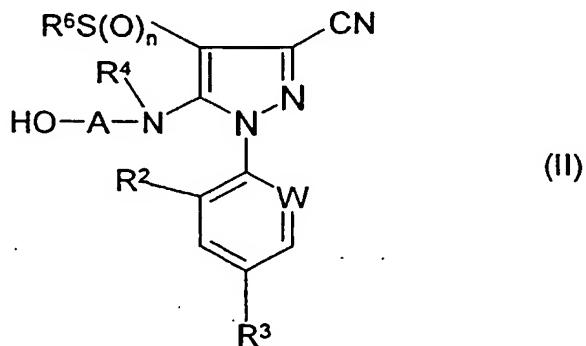
R<sup>2</sup> is Cl;

R<sup>3</sup> is CF<sub>3</sub>;

- R<sup>4</sup> is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl;
- A is -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- or -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-;
- X is C(=O);
- Y is O, NH or a covalent bond;
- 5 R<sup>5</sup> is (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkynyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkyl;
- R<sup>6</sup> is CF<sub>3</sub>;
- R<sup>7</sup> is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub> and S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup>; and
- 10 R<sup>8</sup> is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkyl.

6. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) or a salt thereof as defined in any one of claims 1 to 5, which process comprises:

- a) where R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W, A and n are as defined in claim 1, R<sup>1</sup> is CN, and
- 15 Y and X are as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of compounds in which -Y-X- is -NH-CO- or -NH-CS-, acylating or sulfonylating a compound of formula (II):



wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W, A and n are as defined in formula (I), with a compound of formula (III):



wherein Y and X are as defined in formula (I) with the exclusion of compounds in which -Y-X- is -NH-CO- or -NH-CS-, and L is a leaving group; or

- b) where R<sup>1</sup> is CN, and R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W, A and n are as defined in claim 1, reacting a compound of formula (II) wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W, A and n are as defined in claim 1 and -Y-X- is -NH-CO- or -NH-CS-, with an isocyanate or isothiocyanate compound of formula (IV) or (V):



wherein  $R^5$  is as defined in formula(I); or

- 5    c)    where  $R^1$  is CN, n is 1 or 2, and  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ , W, A, X and Y are as defined in claim 1, oxidising a corresponding compound in which n is 0 or 1; or
- 10    d)    where  $R^1$  is  $CSNH_2$ , and  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ , W, A, X, Y and n are as defined in claim 1, reacting the corresponding compound of formula (I) wherein  $R^1$  is CN, with an alkali or alkaline earth metal hydrosulfide, or with the reagent  $Ph_2PS_2$ ; or
- 15    (e)    where  $R^1$  is  $CSNH_2$ , and  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ , W, A, X, Y and n are as defined in claim 1, reacting the corresponding compound of formula (I) wherein  $R^1$  is CN, with a bis(trialkylsilyl)sulfide, in the presence of a base; or
- 16    (f)    where  $R^1$  is  $C(=N-H)-S-Q$ , and Q,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ , W, A, X, Y and n are as defined in claim 1, reacting the corresponding compound of formula (I) wherein  $R^1$  is  $CSNH_2$  with an alkylating agent of formula (VI) or (VII):



wherein Q is as defined in formula (I) and  $L^1$  is a leaving group; or

- 17    (g)    where  $R^1$  is  $C(=N-Z)-S-Q$ , Z is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of H, and the other values are as defined in formula (I), alkylating, acylating or

18    sulfonylating the corresponding compound of formula (I) wherein Z is H, with a compound of formula (VIII):



wherein Z is as defined in formula (I) with the exclusion of H, and  $L^2$  is a leaving group; and

- 20    (h)    if desired, converting a resulting compound of formula (I) into a pesticidally acceptable salt thereof.

7.    A pesticidal composition comprising a compound of formula (I) or a pesticidally acceptable salt thereof as defined in any one of claims 1 to 5, in association with a pesticidally acceptable diluent or carrier and/or surface active agent.

8. The use of a compound of formula (I) or a salt thereof according to any one of claims 1 to 5 or of a composition according to claim 7, for the preparation of a veterinary medicament.

5 9. The use of a compound of formula (I) or a salt thereof according to any one of claims 1 to 5 or of a composition according to claim 7, for the control of pests.

10. A method for controlling pests at a locus which comprises applying thereto an effective amount of a compound of formula (I) or a salt thereof as claimed in any 10 one of claims 1 to 5 or of a composition according to claim 7.